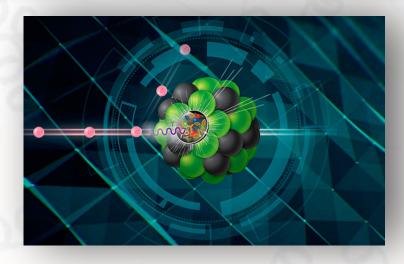


Welcome EIC Users' Group Meeting 2020 Miami Meeting

Bernd Surrow



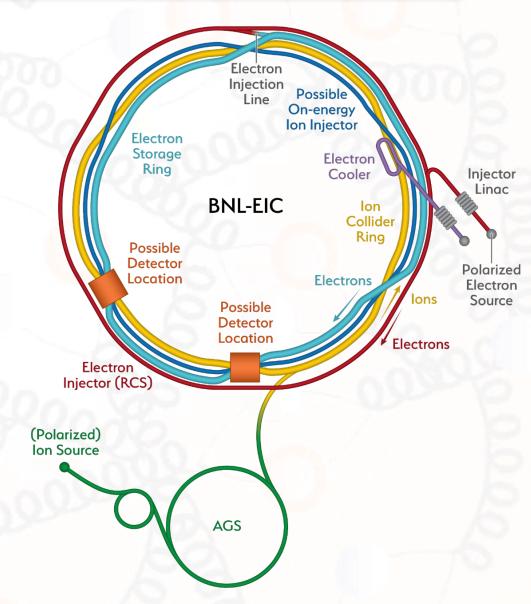
On behalf of the EICUG Steering Committee





Outline

- Welcome
- Orientation / Agenda
- □ EIC Project Development
- □ EIC Users Group Updates
- EIC Status and anticipated next steps
- Summary





Welcome

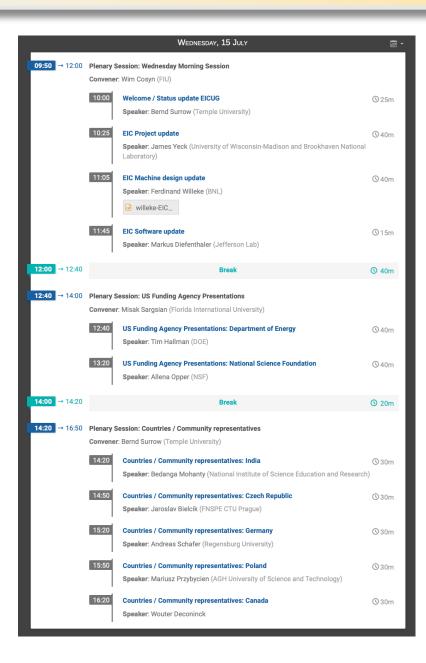
- Welcome to the EICUG meeting 2020 on behalf of the EIC Users' group Steering Committee
- This is nominally what we should see around us during the summer EICUG 2020 meeting:



- We are facing an unprecedented time, in particular in the US with the COVID-19 pandemic. We hope that you are all healthy incl. your family and friends!
- Special Thanks to Lei Guo, Misak Sargsian, and Wim Cosyn from FIU.
- ☐ Special welcome / thanks to funding agency and country representatives:
 - Tim Hallman: DOE NP Perspective on a Future Election Ion Collider
 - Allena Opper: NSF NP Perspective on a Future Election Ion Collider
 - Country representatives: Bedanga Mohanty (India), Jaroslav Bielcik (Czech Republic), Andreas Schaefer (Germany), Mariusz Przybycien (Poland) and Wouter Deconinck (Canada)

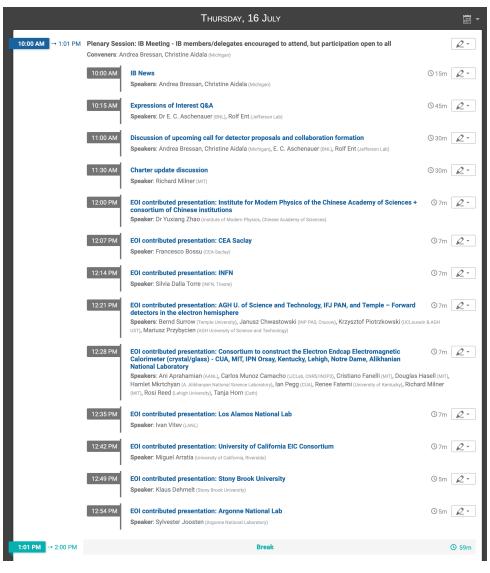


Day 1



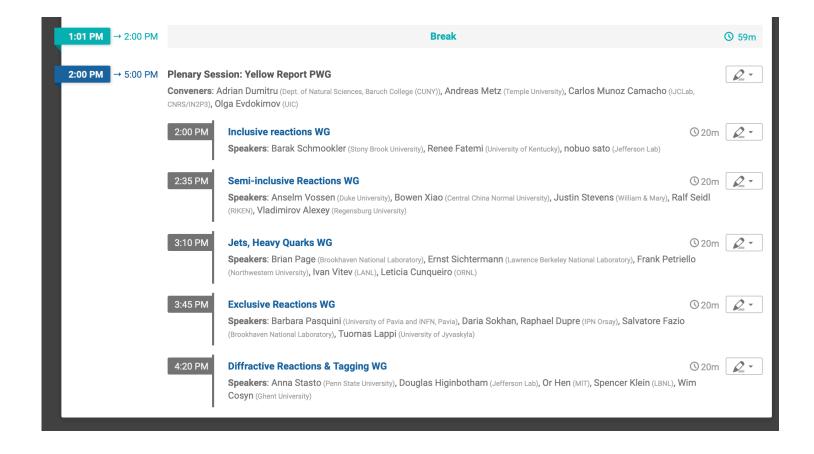


Day 2 Morning: IB Meeting



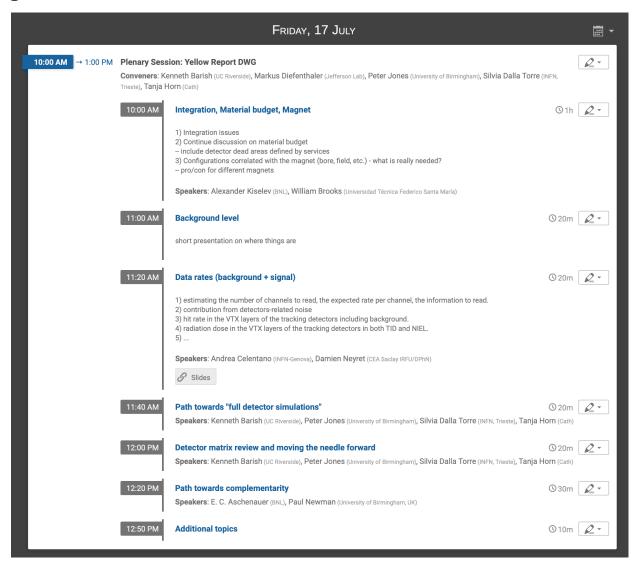


Day 2 Afternoon: PWG Session





Day 3 Morning: DWG Session



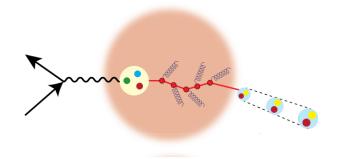


Core elements of EIC program

How are the sea quarks and gluons, and their spins, distributed in space and momentum inside the nucleon?

How do the nucleon properties emerge from them and their

interactions?



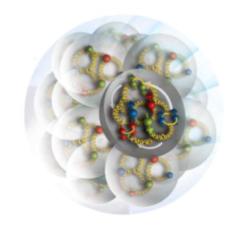
How do color-charged quarks and gluons, and colorless jets, interact with a nuclear medium?

How do the confined hadronic states emerge from these quarks and gluons?

How do the quark-gluon interactions create nuclear binding?

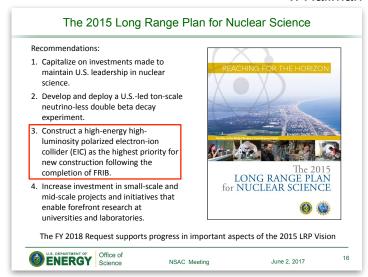
How does a dense nuclear environment affect the quarks and gluons, their correlations, and their interactions?

What happens to the gluon density in nuclei? Does it saturate at high energy, giving rise to a gluonic matter with universal properties in all nuclei, even the proton?



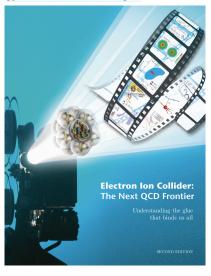


- Critical steps over the last couple of years
 - INT Workshop series / Documentation of Physics Case -Whitepaper: "Understanding the glue that binds us all!"
 - INT Workshop: 2010
 - WP: 2012, updated in 2014 for LRP
 - 2015 Long-range plan (LRP): T. Hallman



Request to review EIC Science Case by National Academy of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (NAS)

arXiv:1212.1701



Understanding the glue that binds as all!

T. Hallman

Next Formal Step on the EIC Science Case is Continuing

THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES OF SCIENCES, ENGINEERING, AND MEDICINE

Division on Engineering and Physical Science Board on Physics and Astronomy

U.S.-Based Electron Ion Collider Science Assessment

The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine ("National Academies") will form a committee to carry out a thorough, independent assessment of the scientific justification for a U.S. domestic electron ion collider facility. In preparing its report, the committee will address the role that such a facility would play in the future of nuclear science, considering the field broadly, but placing emphasis on its potential scientific impact on quantum chromodynamics. The need for such an accelerator will be addressed in the context of international efforts in this area. Support for the 18-month project in the amount of \$540,000 is requested from the Department of Energy.

"U.S.-Based Electron Ion Collider Science Assessment" is now getting underway. The Chair will be Gordon Baym. The rest of the committee, including a co-chair, will be appointed in the next couple of weeks. The first meeting is being planned for January, 2017



NSAC Meeting

June 2, 2017



NAS review followed by EIC Cost and Site review

http://www8.nationalacademies.org/onpinews/newsitem.aspx?
RecordID=25171&_ga=2.209086742.50427317.1532451645-138591744
4.1532451645

- Webinar on Tuesday, July 24, 2018 Public presentation and report release
- O Gordon Baym (Co-chair): Webinar presentation

"The committee finds that the science that can be addressed by an EIC is compelling, fundamental and timely."

- "Glowing" report on a US-based EIC facility!
- EIC Cost and Site review following NAS science review in 2018/2019



Click to

"An EIC would be the most sophisticated and challenging accelerator currently proposed for construction in the U.S. and would significantly advance accelerator science, and more specifically collider science and technologies, here and around the world," said committee co-chair Gordon Baym, Center for Advanced Study Professor Emeritus, George and Ann Fisher Distinguished Professor of Engineering Emeritus, and Research Professor at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. "The realization of an EIC is absolutely crucial to maintaining the health of the field of nuclear physics in the U.S. and would open up new areas of scientific investigation."

Currently, the Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL) in Long Island, New York, has a heavy ion collider, and the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Laboratory (JLab) in Newport News, Virginia, has very energetic electron beams. Both labs have proposed design concepts for an EIC that would use their already available infrastructure, expertise, and experience. The report, without favoring one over the other, says that taking advantage of the existing facilities would make development of an EIC cost-effective and reduce associated risks that come with building a large accelerator facility. While both labs have well-developed designs for an EIC, both would require considerable R&D to fully deliver on the compelling science questions. The report states DCE R&D investment has been and would continue to be crucial to minimizing design risks in a timely fashion and to addressing outstanding accelerator challenges.

The committee added that along with advancing nuclear science, an EIC would also benefit other areas such as astrophysics, particle physics, accelerator physics, and theoretical and computational modeling. It would also play a valuable role in sustaining the U.S. nuclear physics workforce in the coming decades. Moreover, it would have a significant role in advancing more broadly the technologies that would result from the research and development undertaken in the implementation and construction of an EIC in the U.S. The report emphasizes that an EIC is the only high-energy collider being planned for construction in the U.S. currently, and building such a facility would maintain U.S. leadership in accelerator collider science while benefiting the physical sciences.

"The science that an EIC would achieve is simply unique and would ensure U.S. leadership in nuclear science as well as the accelerator science and technology of colliders around the world," said committee co-chair Ani Aprahamian, Freimann Professor of Experimental Nuclear Physics at the University of Notre Dame.

The study was sponsored by DOE. The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine are private, nonprofit institutions that provide independent, objective analysis and advice to the nation to solve complex problems and inform public policy decisions related to science, technology, and medicine. The National Academies operate under an 1863 congressional charter to the National Academy of Sciences, signed by President Lincoln. For more information, visit http://national-academies.org

Contacto

Kacey Templin, Media Relations Officer Joshua Blatt, Media Relations Associate Office of News and Public Information 202-334-2138: e-mail news@nas.edu



Announcement by the Department of Energy on January 9, 2020

https://www.energy.gov/articles/ us-department-energy-selectsbrookhaven-national-laboratoryhost-major-new-nuclear-physics U.S. Department of Energy Selects Brookhaven National Laboratory to Host Major New Nuclear Physics Facility

Department of Energy

JANUARY 9, 2020

WASHINGTON, **D.C.** – Today, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) announced the selection of Brookhaven National Laboratory in Upton, NY, as the site for a planned major new nuclear physics research facility. The Electron Ion Collider (EIC), to be designed and constructed over ten years at an estimated cost between \$1.6 and \$2.6 billion, will smash electrons into protons and heavier atomic nuclei in an effort to penetrate the mysteries of the "strong force" that binds the atomic nucleus together.



Press release by JLab and BNL

JEFFERSON LAB TO BE MAJOR PARTNER IN ELECTRON ION COLLIDER PROJECT

The Department of Energy announced that Jefferson Lab will collaborate on plans to build a future Electron Ion Collider in New York

NEWPORT NEWS, VA – The Department of Energy announced that it has taken the next step toward construction of an Electron Ion Collider (EIC) in the United States. DOE announced on Thursday that the collider will be sited at DOE's Brookhaven National Laboratory in Upton, N.Y. In addition, DOE's Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility will be a major partner in realizing the EIC, providing key support to build this next new collider, which will be the most advanced particle collider of its type ever built.

https://www.jlab.org/news/releases/jefferson-lab-be-major-partner-electron-ion-collider-project

U.S. Department of Energy Selects Brookhaven National Laboratory to Host Major New Nuclear Physics Facility

January 9, 2020



The Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC) at Brookhaven National Laboratory will provide crucial infrastructure for the new Electron Ion Collider.

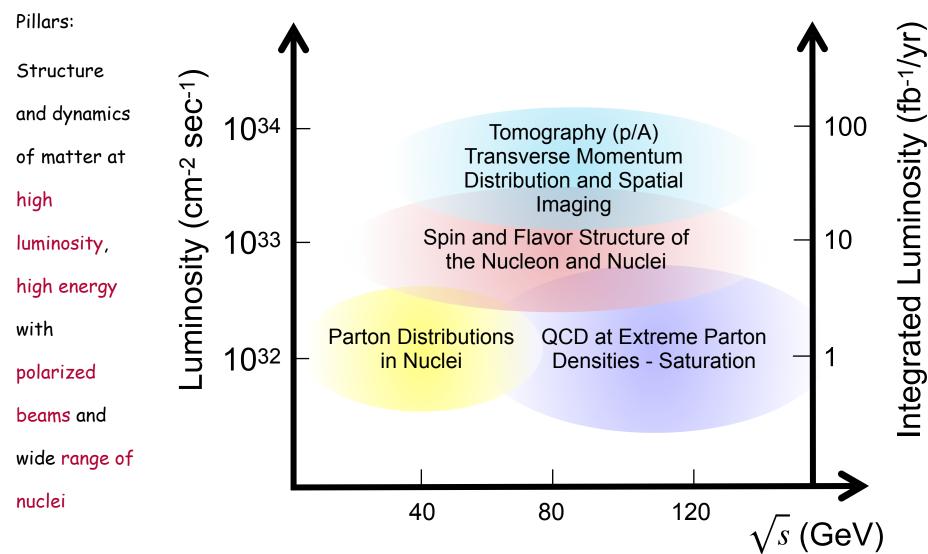
+ ENLARGE

WASHINGTON, D.C. – Today, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) announced the selection of Brookhaven National Laboratory in Upton, NY, as the site for a planned major new nuclear physics research facility.

https://www.bnl.gov/newsroom/news.php?a=116996







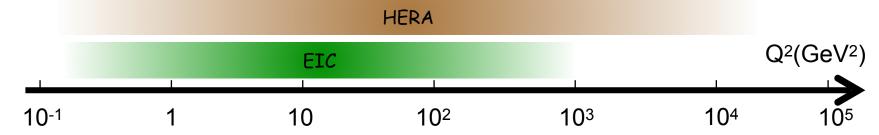


Requirements

- Machine:
 - ☐ High luminosity: 10³³cm⁻²s⁻¹ 10³⁴cm⁻²s⁻¹
 - \Box Flexible center-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s}=\sqrt{4\,E_e\,E_p}$: Wide kinematic range $\,Q^2=s\,x\,y\,$
 - ☐ Highly polarized electron (0.8) and proton / light ion (0.8) beams: Spin structure studies
 - □ Wide range of nuclear beams (p to U): High gluon density
- O Detector:
 - \square Wide acceptance detector system including particle ID (e/h separation & π , K, p ID flavor tagging)
 - Instrumentation for tagging of protons from elastic reactions and neutrons from nuclear breakup: Target / nuclear fragments in addition to low Q^2 tagger / polarimetry and luminosity (abs. and rel.) measurement



HERMES, COMPASS, JLab6, JLAB12



20 GeV - 141 GeV

10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹

p to Uranium

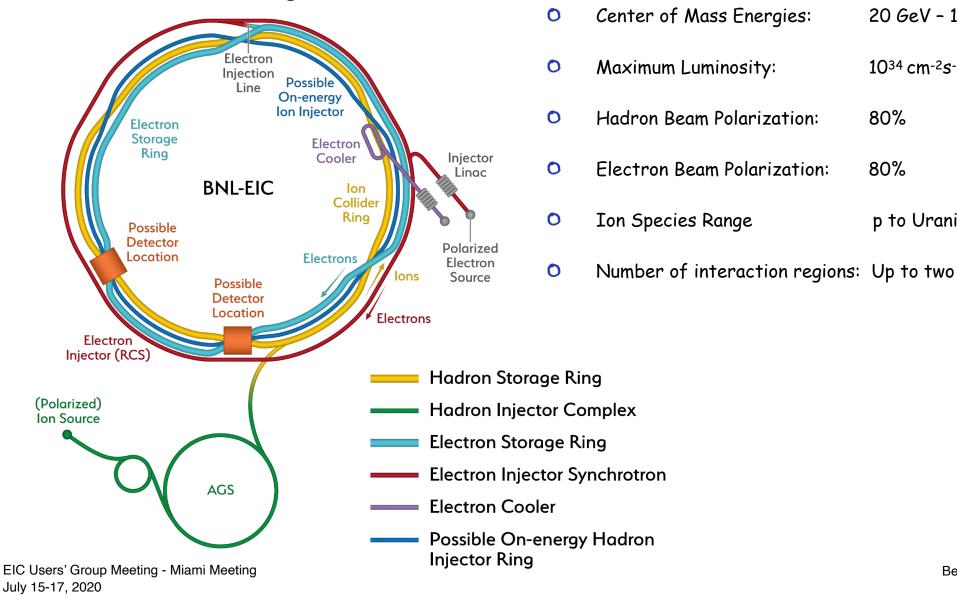
80%

80%



EIC Accelerator Design

EIC accelerator design



Bernd Surrow

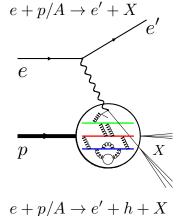


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EIC Project Development

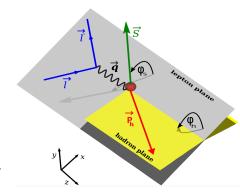
Overview of processes and final states

arXiv:1212.1701

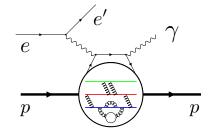


Inclusive DIS

Semi-Inclusive DIS (SDIS)



$$\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{I}}$$



 $e + p/A \rightarrow e' + N'/A' + \gamma/m$

Deeply-Virtual
Compton Scattering
(DVCS)

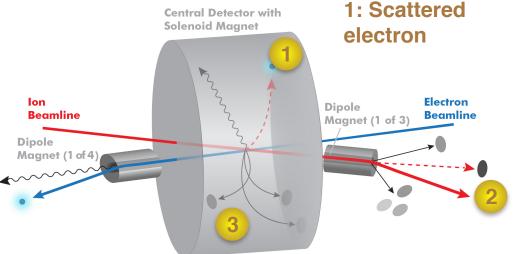
- Inclusive: Unpolarized $f_i(x,Q^2)$ and helicity distribution $\Delta f_i(x,Q^2)$ functions through unpolarized and polarized structure function measurements (F_2 , F_L , g_1)
- Define kinematics (x, y, Q²) through electron (e-ID and energy+angular measurement critical) / hadron final state or combination of both depending on kinematic x-Q² region
- \circ SDIS: Flavor tagging through hadron identification studying FF / TMD's (Transverse momentum, k_T , dependence) requiring azimuthal asymmetry measurement Full azimuthal acceptance
- Heavy flavor (charm / bottom): Excellent secondary vertex reconstruction
- Exclusive: Tagging of final state proton using Roman pot system studying GPD's (Impact parameter, b_T , dependence) using DVCS and VM production
- eA: Impact parameter determination / Neutron tagging using Zero-Degree
 Calorimeter (ZDC)



Overview of gener

arXiv:1212.1701

3: Nuclear and nucleonic fragments / scattered proton



2: Fragmented particles (e.g. π, K, p) of struck quark

- O Acceptance: Close to 4π coverage with a η -coverage $(\eta = -\ln(\tan(\theta/2)))$ of approximately $\eta < |3.5|$ combined calorimetry (EM CAL and hadron CAL at least in forward direction) and tracking coverage
- O Low dead material budget in particular in rear direction (\sim 5% X/X₀)
- Good momentum resolution Δp/p ~ few %
- Electron ID for e/h separation varies with θ / η at the level of 1:10⁴ / ~2-3%/JE for η <-2 and ~7%/JE for -2< η <1

- Particle ID for $\pi/K/p$ separation over wide momentum range (Forward η up to ~50GeV/c / Barrel η up to ~4GeV/c / Rear η up to ~6 GeV/c)
- O High spatial vertex resolution ~ 10-20μm for vertex reconstruction
- Low-angel taggers:
 - Recoil proton
 - O Low Q² electron
 - Neutrons on hadron direction
- Luminosity (Absolute and relative) and local polarization direction measurement



- Generic Detector R&D program for an EIC
 - In January 2011, BNL, in association with JLab and the DOE Office of NP, announced a generic detector R&D program to address the scientific requirements for measurements at a future EIC facility.
 - O Goals:
 - Enable successful design and timely implementation of an EIC experimental program
 - Develop instrumentation solutions that meet realistic cost expectations
 - Stimulate the formation of user collaborations to design and build experiments
 - Peer-reviewed program funded by DOE and managed by BNL with \$1M/year to \$1.5M/year Initiated and coordinated by Tom Ludlam (BNL) until 2014 / Since 2014 coordinated by Thomas Ullrich (BNL)
 - Key to success: Standing EIC Detector Advisory Committee
 - Current members: Marcel Demarteau (ANL), Carl Haber (LBNL), Peter Krizan (Ljubljana), Ian Shipsey (Oxford),
 Rick van Berg (UPenn), Jerry Va'vra (SLAC) and Glenn Young (JLab)
 - Past members: Robert Klanner (Hamburg) and Howard Wieman (LBL)
 - Wide range of R&D programs: Calorimetry / Tracking (GEM, MicroMegas, TPC) incl. silicon / Particle ID (TRD, Dual-RICH, Aerogel RICH, DIRC, TOF) / Polarimetry / Background / Simulation Tools /

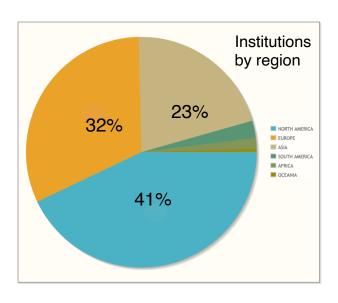
https://wiki.bnl.gov/conferences/index.php/EIC R%25D

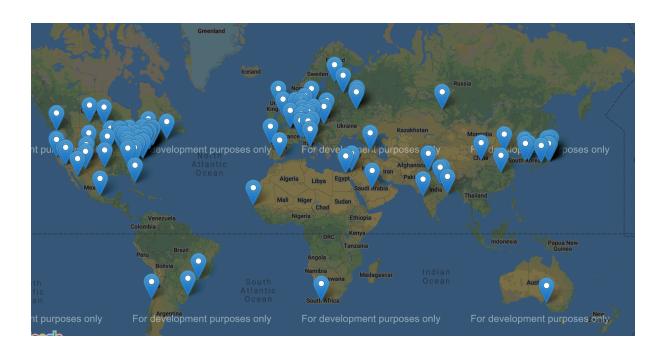


EICUG Updates

Size and demographics

- O EICUG organization established in summer 2016
- In numbers...: 1092 members (Experimental scientists: 658 / Theory scientists: 280 / Accelerator scientists: 147 / Support: 3 / Other: 4), 230 institutions, 31 countries, 6 world regions
- World map:







EICUG Updates: Organization / Terms

- Institutional Board:
 - Chair: Christine Aidala (University of Michigan, USA), term January 2019 December 2020
 - O Vice Chair: Andrea Bressan (INFN Trieste), term January 2019 December 2020
- Steering Committee Members:
 - O Chair: Bernd Surrow (Temple University, USA), term September 2019 August 2021
 - Vice Chair: Richard Milner (MIT, USA), term September 2019 August 2021
 - At Large Members:
 - John Arrington (Argonne National Laboratory, USA), term January 2019 December 2020
 - Marco Radici (INFN Pavia, Italy), term January 2019 December 2020
 - Barbara Jacak (LBL and UCB, USA), term January 2020 December 2021
 - European Representative:
 - Daniel Boer (University Groningen, NL), term September 2019 August 2021
 - International Representative:
 - □ Yuji Goto (Riken, Japan), term April 2018 -- March 2020
 - Lab Representatives:
 - Thomas Ullrich (Brookhaven National Laboratory, USA)
 - Rolf Ent (Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, USA)

http://eicug.org/web/content/electron-ion-collider-users-group-eicug



EICUG Updates: Charter Committee

□ EICUG Charter: http://www.eicug.org/web/sites/default/files/EICUG-Charter-01122018.pdf

"When wording of a CDO mission statement for the EIC project has been decided by the funding agencies, the SC chair will appoint a new charter committee whose members will, within 6 months of its formation, present a draft charter for Phase 2 to be approved by two-thirds majority of the IB."

- New charter writing committee: John Arrington (Argonne Nat. Lab. US), Will Brooks (USM Valparaiso, Chile), Olga Evdokimov (Univ. of Illinois, Chicago US), Yuji Goto (RIKEN, Japan), Barbara Jacak (LBNL & Univ. California at Berkeley US), Richard Milner (MIT US) (Co-chair), Marco Radici (INFN Pavia, Italy), Franck Sabatié (Saclay, France) (Co-chair), Sevil Salur (Univ. Rutgers US) and Daria Sokhan (Univ. Glasgow, UK)
- Survey was circulated to IB Discussion during Day 2 IB meeting led by Richard Milner and France
 Sabatié



EICUG Updates: E&N Committee

- Elections and Nominating Committee: Term September 2019 August 2020
 - O Chair: Christian Weiss (Chair) / Marta Ruspa (Vice Chair)
 - Members:
 - Abhay Deshpande (SBU/BNL, USA)
 - Yuri Kovchegov (OSU, USA)
 - Paul Newman (University of Birmingham, UK)
 - ☐ Marta Ruspa (INFN Torino, Italy)
 - Christian Weiss (Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility, USA)
 - International Representative election has been completed with two candidates:
 - □ Bedanga Mohanty (National Institute of Science Education and Research, India)
 - Wouter Deconinck (University of Manitoba, Canada)
 - The results will be announced later today.
 - New committee assembled in late summer.

http://eicug.org/web/content/electron-ion-collider-users-group-eicug



EICUG Updates: Talks committee

- Elections and Nominating Committee: Term September 2019 August 2020
 - O Chair: Ralf Seidl (RIKEN)
 - Members:
 - ☐ Carlos Munoz Camacho (Orsay, France)
 - ☐ Barbara Pasquini (INFN Pavia, Italy)
 - □ Dmitry Romanov (JLab, USA)
 - ☐ Sevil Salur (Rutgers University, USA)
 - Ralf Seidl (RIKEN, Japan) International Representative election has been completed with two candidates:
 - Information on past / upcoming conferences on EIUG WWW-page
 - New committee assembled in late summer.

http://eicug.org/web/content/electron-ion-collider-users-group-eicug



EIC Project Status & Anticipated Next Steps

Yellow Report Activity

WWW-page: www.eicug.org

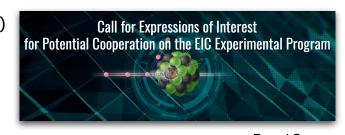
- Effort to advance the state and detail of requirements and detector concepts in preparation of the EIC realization (Detector and Physics Working groups)
- Effort planned for 1 year with 4 dedicated workshops summarized in Yellow Report Important input for conceptual and technical design report
- Expect formation of collaborations following Yellow Report effort in 2021

Detector Design

- Strong desire for 2nd detector
- Complementary design efforts for 2 detectors (See e.g. HERA program with H1/ZEUS)

EIC project

- EIC project management in place since April 1, 2020
- EIC Project Director: Jim Yeck (BNL)
- O EIC Deputy Project Director and Technical Director: Ferdinand Willeke (BN L)
- Call for Expression of Interest (EoI): https://www.bnl.gov/eic/EOI.php
- Preparation for CD1 in spring 2021: More details by Jim Yeck (BNL)





Summary

- EIC Physics Pillars: EIC facility will address fundamental questions on the structure and dynamics of nucleons and nuclei in terms of quarks and gluons using precision measurements including:
 - O Parton Distributions in Nuclei / QCD at Extreme Parton Densities Saturation
 - Spin and Flavor Structure of the Nucleon and Nuclei
 - Tomography (p/A) Transverse Momentum Distribution and Spatial Imaging



□ The terms for several EICUG committee members will end in 2020. Please contact us with

suggestions including yourself!

- ☐ EIC Status and Next Steps:
 - Awarded CDO mission statement / Site selection
 - EIC Project management in place
 - Yellow report effort: 1 year effort 4 planned workshops
 - Expression of Interest
 - Preparation for CD1 in spring 2021 followed by collaboration formation / call for detector proposals!

